

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## CSE 254 Introduction to Discrete Systems

Fall 2007; Exam I; 10-9-2007

**Note:** Read the questions carefully before attempting to solve them.

1. (10 points) Construct truth tables for each of the following propositions: (i)  $((p \wedge q) \vee r) \rightarrow (q \wedge r)$  and (ii)  $(p \wedge q) \oplus (q \wedge r) \oplus (r \wedge p)$

2. (10 points) Determine whether  $((p \rightarrow q) \wedge (q \rightarrow r) \wedge p) \rightarrow r$  is a tautology.

3. (10 points) Translate each of these statements into logical expressions using predicates, quantifiers, and logical connectives: (i) Not everyone in Connecticut is rich; (ii) Some people in Connecticut own a Ferrari; (iii) Even though John is not rich he owns a Ferrari; and (iv) My other car is a Ferrari.
4. (10 points) Let  $P(x, y)$  stand for the predicate "Student  $x$  is enrolled in class  $y$ ", where the domain of  $x$  is the set of all students in your college and the domain of  $y$  is the set of all classes offered in your college. Express each of these statements by a simple English sentence: (i)  $P(\text{Paul Newman}, \text{CSE 259})$ ; (ii)  $\exists x P(x, \text{CSE259}) \wedge P(x, \text{CSE 254})$ ; (iii)  $\forall x (P(x, \text{CSE 254}) \rightarrow P(x, \text{CSE 259}))$ ; and (iv)  $\exists x \exists y \forall z ((x \neq y) \wedge (P(x, z) \leftrightarrow P(y, z)))$

5. (10 points) Show that the premises  $p \rightarrow q$ ,  $q \rightarrow r$ ,  $s \rightarrow \neg r$ ,  $s$  and the conclusion  $\neg p$  form a valid argument.

6. (10 points) Prove the following statement: If  $m$  balls are thrown into  $n$  boxes then at least one box will end up with at least  $\left\lceil \frac{m}{n} \right\rceil$  balls.

7. (10 points) Prove that there are infinitely many solutions in positive integers  $x, y, z$  to the equation:  $x^2 + y^2 = z^2$ .

8. (10 points) If  $A, B$ , and  $C$  are any sets then prove or disprove:  $(A - (B \cup C)) \cup (B - C) \cup C = A \cup B \cup C$ . (*Hint:* Use Venn diagram).

9. (10 points) (i) Is the function  $f : Z \rightarrow Z$  defined as  $f(n) = 5n^2 + 7$  one-to-one? (ii) Is the function  $f : Z \rightarrow Z$  defined as  $f(n) = 3n^3$  one-to-one? (iii) Given an example of a function from  $N$  to  $N$  that is one-to-one but not onto; (iv) Give an example of a function from  $N$  to  $N$  that is onto but not one-to-one.

10. (10 points) (i) Provide a simple formula of an integer sequence that begins with this list: 3, 10, 35, 132, 517, 2054; (ii) What is  $\sum_{i=1}^n (3i^2 + 4i + 5)$ ? (*Hint*: Use summation formulas).